

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday December 11, to Saturday December 15, 1759.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 15th Day of December, 1759.

P R E S E N T,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

This Day the Hight Honourable Robert Nugent, Esq; was, by His Majesty's Command, sworn of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint Sir James Lowther, Bart. to be Lieutenant of the County of Cumberland, he this Day took the Oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

St. James's, December 15.

The following Address and Resolutions of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of Leicester, having been transmitted by James Wigley, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, to the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary Pitt, has by him been presented to His Majesty: Which Address and Resolutions His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

May it please your Majesty,

WE the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Burgesses of the ancient Borough of Leicester in the County of Leicester, in Common Council assembled, beg Leave to approach your Sacred Person with Hearts dilated with Joy, Duty, and Gratitude, to offer you our sincerest Thanks for the happy Effects of your great Wisdom, in frustrating the Designs of our ambitious Enemy, and by your well-plann'd Schemes giving such Life and Spirit to your Fleets and Armies, that have immortalized your Majesty's Name in every Quarter of the World, and have convinced Mankind, that a Protestant Prince that governs a free Protestant People, and is ambitious of no more Power than what the Constitution of his Kingdom admits of, is greater than the most absolute Monarch.

Your Majesty's Paternal Affection to your People has gained you the Hearts of your Subjects, (every Prince's best Support) and Gratitude as well as Duty and Interest, will animate them with the utmost Zeal in Defence of your Sacred Person and your Dominions, and to enable you, in due Time, to procure a solid and lasting Peace, that your Subjects may, without Interruption, enjoy their Trade and Property, (your Majesty's only Aim in entering into this War.) And that your Majesty may long enjoy that inestimable Blessing of Peace, without any Attempts from our Enemy to disquiet you, is the constant hearty Prayer of us your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects. Given under our Common Seal this 30th Day of November, in the Year of our Lord, 1759.

Borough of Leicester, } At a Common Hall held the Twenty-third Day of November, in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Second, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and fifty-nine.

Resolved and Ordered, That a Subscription be forthwith opened within this Borough, for an immediate voluntary Contribution, to be distributed in Bounties or Rewards, amongst such able-bodied Landmen, (Apprentices excepted) as, within the Time or Times to be limited for that Purpose, shall

present themselves at the Guildhall of this Borough, (being approved by an Officer to be appointed) to serve as Soldiers in His Majesty's Forces; upon the Terms, That they shall not be sent out of Great Britain, and shall be intitled to their Discharge in three Years, or at the End of the War if they chuse it, pursuant to His Majesty's Order in Council of the Eleventh Day of July last, and confirmed by His Majesty's other Order in Council of the Tenth Day of August following: The Purposes of the said Subscription to be executed by the Committee herein after named, and by such other Gentlemen as shall subscribe and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds or upwards, in such Manner as they in their Discretion shall judge most expedient for His Majesty's Service.

Resolved and Ordered, That the Right Worshipful the Mayor do subscribe the Sum of One Hundred Pounds in Behalf of the Corporation of this Borough of Leicester.

Resolved and Ordered, That proper Books, for the Receiving of further Subscriptions, be forthwith opened at Mr. Alderman Smalley's and Mr. Alderman Simpson's, in this Borough, and at such other Places as the said Committee shall think proper.

Resolved and Ordered, That if after the Service to be promoted by the intended Subscription, shall be fully answered, there be any Surplus of the Subscription Money left; the same be forthwith paid to the several Subscribers, or their legal Representatives, in Proportion to the Sums by them respectively subscribed.

Committee appointed.

Nicholas Thorsby, Esq; Mayor.
William Wrighte, Esq; Recorder.
Mr. Alderman Ludlam.
Mr. Alderman Gabriel Newton.
Mr. Alderman Smalley.
Mr. Alderman Phipps.
Mr. Alderman Simpson.
Mr. Alderman Sismey.
Mr. Richard Beale.
Mr. William Orton.

And all Persons that shall subscribe Ten Pounds, or more.

All Gentlemen of the County of Leicester, or within this Borough, who are willing to promote the Service hereby intended, which is to strengthen His Majesty's Hands now, at a Time when we are threatened with a powerful Invasion, and to shew their Affection and Zeal for His Majesty's Sacred Person and Government, are desired to send in their Names and Subscription Money to the Places above-named.

At the Guildhall of the Borough of Leicester, } The Committee for Managing the Leicester-Subscription do hereby give Notice, That they will pay a Bounty of

Four Guineas to every able-bodied Landman, (Apprentices excepted) who, before the last Day of December next, shall present himself to the said Committee, at the Guildhall of this Borough, and intitled there by a proper Officer, to serve His Majesty as a Soldier, upon the Terms, That they shall not be sent out of Great Britain, and shall be intitled to their Discharge in three Years, or at the End of the War if they chuse it.

No Person, entered into the Militia in any County of this Kingdom, will be accepted.

N. B. The said Committee will sit at the Guildhall of this Borough every Day, (Sundays and Christmas-day excepted) from Eleven in the Forenoon until One in the Afternoon.

Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick's Head Quarters at Kressdorff, Dec. 5. On the 25th of November the Regiments which had been at Corbach, returned with their Baggage to the Army, and marched to Marburgh, and its Neighbourhood; and the same Day, those which had been with Prince Charles of Bevern, on his Expedition towards Cologne, returned likewise to Marburgh. On the 28th, early in the Morning, the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick, and Prince Charles of Bevern, set out from Marburgh with the following Regiments, viz. De Boch, Hanoverian Dragoons, Prince William and Prince Frederick of Hesse's Cavalry, two Battalions of the Regiment of Guards, and two of Imhoff's of Brunswick, the Regiment of Grenadiers, Hessians, and that of Blunsbach, 100 Hunters of Trimbach's Corps, one Squadron of White, and one of Black Hussars. This Corps, having left their Baggage behind, marched the same Day to Kisdorff and Heimershausen; and the following, being the 29th, to Angersbach, their Vanguard having in their Way gallantly repulsed a Body of the Enemy, consisting of the Volunteers of Nassau. The two Battalions of the Regiment of Guards, and those of the Regiment of Imhoff, and Boch's Regiment of Dragoons, lay that Night at Angersbach. Prince Charles of Bevern, with the other Regiments, at Lauterbach. The Hussars and the Volunteers of Trimbach were posted further on at Landershausen; and the Hereditary Prince passed the whole Night at the advanced Post of the Hussars. At One o'Clock in the Morning of the 30th, the whole Corps was again put in Motion, and marched directly towards Fulda. As the Enemy did not in the least expect this Visit, no Troops were met on the Road. At a little Distance from Fulda, the Hereditary Prince having ordered the whole Corps to be drawn together behind the nearest Height, and the Hussars to march forward; his Serene Highness went to reconnoitre, in Person, almost up to the Gates of the Town.

As the Country about Fulda forms a Plain of tolerably even Ground, the Right of which is watered by a River of the same Name, the Fields on this Side being divided by a long hollow Way, on one Side of which, the Wirtemberg Troops had ranged themselves in small Bodies, on separate Spots of Ground, our Hussars, and Yellow Dragoons, drew up in Front of those Troops so irregularly posted.

In the mean Time the rest of his Serene Highness's Corps, both Horse and Foot, went round the Hill, and proceeded in their March without Interruption to the other Side of the hollow Way, in such a Manner, that they were soon able to take Post upon the Flank of the Regiments of Wirtemberg, who by Degrees retreated into the Town. Our Cannon fired upon them during the whole Time they were filing off.

The Enemy's Infantry having made some Shew of forming themselves in the Square of the Town, we played our Howitzers upon them, to drive them from thence.

The whole Corps of the Enemy having then passed through the Town, our Hussars, and Yellow Dragoons, led on by the Hereditary Prince in Person, together, with the Hessian Grenadiers, and Boch's Regiment of Dragoons, passed it likewise in the Pursuit: Whilst Prince Charles of Bevern went round the Outside of it, and passed the River over the Bridge.

The Enemy in their Retreat shut all the Gates of the Town after them; but they were forced open by our Cannon. Our Troops found on the other Side of the Town, the Enemy's three Battalions of Grenadiers and the Regiment of Wernich, formed again in Order of Battle, as if with an Intention of defending themselves; but the Rest of the Troops of Wirtemberg had drawn towards the Left, and retired as fast as possible.

The Hereditary Prince ordered immediately all the Hussars, and Boch's Regiment of Dragoons, to advance upon the said four Battalions; and in the mean Time his Serene Highness, with the Rest of the Troops, filed off along the Heights to the Right, till he found himself able to gain the Enemy's Flank. It was then that we broke in upon them; and though they fired in the best Manner they could, there were

but Six Dragoons killed, and 14 wounded, on our Side. Count Platen, Captain, was killed in the first Onset by a Musket-Ball. A considerable Number of the Enemy were cut to Pieces; and the Rest, having thrown down their Arms, were made Prisoners of War, together with all their Officers: We took from them two Pieces of Cannon, two Pair of Colours, and their Baggage.

The next Day, the 1st of December 923 Prisoners were sent to Hirschfeld, under an Escort commanded by Major Marshal. The rest of those four Battalions were either killed or very much wounded. Our Hussars have been in Pursuit of those of the Enemy, who went off before the Action; and have taken the greatest Part of their Baggage, Carriages, Waggon, &c.

The Duke of Wirtemberg was in Person with his Corps; which he had just then drawn up for a Feu de Joye: So that these Regiments were in their best Cloathing. The Duke had invited all the Ladies in the Town of Fulda to his Table; and to a Ball which he intended to have given that very Day. But upon the unexpected News of the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick's being at the Gates of the Town with his Hussars, the Duke thought proper to get off. That Part of his Cavalry which was not taken, was obliged to decamp in Haste with the rest of his Infantry; and to file off in our Presence, on the other Side of the Fulda. One of these Regiments of Cavalry, the Grenadiers, and the Regiment of Wernich, were commanded in a very disorderly Manner; and this has enabled us to cut them so easily in Pieces, and with so little Loss on our Side.

On the 1st Instant, the Hereditary Prince remained quiet at Fulda the whole Day. His serene Highness has since advanced as far as Rupertenrode, a Place situated upon the Right Flank of the Enemy's Army. This Position, added to the Difficulty of subsisting their Troops any longer in a Country entirely exhausted, has probably determined the Duc de Broglie at last to abandon his Camp at Gießen, which he did this Morning in falling back towards Butzbach, on the direct Road to Franckfort. His Serene Highness Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick detached two Corps in Pursuit of him. A Garrison of near 2000 Men is left in Gießen; the Commander whereof has been summoned to surrender; but we are not informed if any Answer has been returned to the Summons.

The Cavalry have been cantoned these Nine Days; and his Serene Highness has likewise ordered Part of the Infantry to enter into their Quarters of Cantonment this very Day; the Rest are to follow To-Morrow.

King of Prussia's Head Quarters at Willsdruff, Nov. 28. Gen. Hulsen, who, upon the first Report of Gen. Finck's being attacked, had been detached to Klingenberg, distant about half a Mile from Dippoldswalda, was, upon the certain News of what had happened to Finck, recalled, and the Day after was sent to occupy the important Post of Freyberg, where he has continued ever since; and has now with him a Corps consisting of nine Battalions and upwards of thirty Squadrons, and the proper Disposition is made for reinforcing him in case he should be attacked. In the mean Time the Infantry under Hulsen's command are cantoned, and form a Cordon from Freyberg, which almost joins with the Right of this Army near Hertzogwalda, so that the whole Chain of Cantonment stretches from Freyberg to the Elbe.

The Loss in Gen. Finck's Affair does not turn out to be so considerable as was at first apprehended; a great Number of Infantry as well as Cavalry having, during the Confusion, made their Escape; and many of them are actually returned to this Army or to Gen. Hulsen's Corps. A small Body of Hussars swam the River, and, it is imagined, may be got into Schlesia. Upon the Whole, if Reports from Dresden may be credited, the Austrians have not marched above 5000 Prisoners into Bohemia. General Finck had left two Battalions at Freyberg to guard the Boulangerie, which are happily saved.

The Reports from Dresden in Regard to Marshal Daun's keeping Possession of that City, are various and contradictory, but they all agree that Provisions

and Forage are extremely scarce in the Austrian Army, and that there is no Magazine in Dresden.
The Position of Marshal Daun's Army continues nearly the same as before.

Admiralty Office, Dec. 14, 1759.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, this is to give Notice to the Concerned, that Information hath been sent to this Office by the Collector of His Majesty's Customs at Yarmouth, that the Restoration, of Newcastle upon Tyne, Stephen Haxton, Master, laden with 160 Bundles of Hemp and two Thousand Bars of Iron, consigned to Mess. Shiftner, Coole and Waton, Merchants in London, and bound from Petersburg to London, on the 10th Instant at Seven in the Evening, (it being very dark) struck on Happisburgh Sand, and in ten Minutes got off again, but received so much Damage, that she was Waterlogg'd in about half an Hour after, when the Master and Mariners all took to their Boat, and got ashore, and, within an Hour after, she went to the Bottom in 18 Fathom Water.

J. Cleveland.

Admiralty Office, December 15, 1759.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint the following Gentlemen to be Officers in the Marine Forces; it is the Direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that the Second Lieutenants, hereafter named, do immediately repair to this Office, where Commissions will be delivered to such of them as shall be approved of; after which they are to repair to the respective Head Quarters of the Companies to which they belong, unless they are commanded elsewhere by their superior Officers.

Comp.	Captains.
100	Maurice Wemys, Esq;
87	Charles Champion, Esq;
121	John Hayes, Esq;
58	Thomas Astbury, Esq;
31	John M'Fie, Esq;
93	Joseph Smith, Esq;
4	William Rotheram, Esq;
81	Richard Pell, Esq;

First Lieutenants.

90	William Douglas, Gent.
77	James Gardiner, Gent.
128	Thomas Kintey, Gent.
2	James Cleland, Gent.
5	John Boswell, Gent.
3	David Wulkie, Gent.
1	John Fowkes, Gent.
8	Francis Lindsay, Gent.
6	Charles Shearer, Gent.
11	Archibald Douglas, (1st) Gent.
4	John Duffe, Gent.
9	Colin Campoell, Gent.
7	Robert Hope, Gent.
12	Onciphorus Swan, Gent.
65	Hector M'Neale, Gent.
10	Robert Molleson, Gent.
15	William Maxwell, Gent.
13	Arthur Walker, Gent.
14	Duncan Campbell, Gent.
17	Patrick Barclay, Gent.
16	William Horsburgh, Gent.
20	John Raymond, Gent.
18	William Fennie, Gent.
19	James Burnet, Gent.
21	John Sinclair, Gent.
23	Nathaniel James, Gent.
22	Peter Grant, Gent.
26	Alexander Small, Gent.
24	William Harman, Gent.
25	Thomas Biggs, Gent.
29	William Downes, Gent.
32	James Cuming, Gent.
27	Peter Penfold, Gent.
30	Thomas Bramall, Gent.
28	Samuel Stransham, Gent.
30	John Daffon, Gent.
50	Thomas Nightingale, Gent.
58	Rokeby Scott, Gent.

Comp. First Lieutenants.

83	John Hardy, Gent.
35	James Rolis, Gent.
33	Christopher Abbot, Gent.
36	Robert Ross, Gent.
38	William Paterfon, Gent.
53	John Hadden, Gent.
31	Joseph Langford, Gent.
56	Thomas Mant, Gent.
40	William Baldwin, Gent.
59	Richard Berks, Gent.
62	John Mercer, Gent.
50	James Dawes, Gent.
42	Robert Coddington, Gent.
51	Thomas Price, Gent.
44	Edward Herbert, Gent.
34	Laurence O'Farrel, Gent.
46	John Woodruff, Gent.
54	William Elliott, Gent.
49	William Span, Gent.
37	John Thomson, Gent.
52	Boteler Harris, Gent.
60	Thomas Campbell, Gent.
39	Thomas Morgan, Gent.
41	Thomas Negus, Gent.
57	William Price, Gent.
43	William Cox, Gent.
58	Theophilus Boifron, Gent.
45	George Forbes, Gent.
47	Andrew Nicholson, Gent.
65	Joshua Thornton, Gent.
61	Walter Paterfon, Gent.
63	Charles Jackman, Gent.
55	Peter Buchan, Gent.
48	John Savage, Gent.
86	Evan Cameron, Gent.
92	Archibald Douglas, 2d. Gent.
84	Vincent Brown, Gent.

Comp. Second Lieutenants.

31	Robert Henry Paine, Gent.
3	Edward Egerton, Gent.
73	William Springthorpe, Gent.
76	Thomas Coleman, Gent.
77	Whitfield, Gent.
78	Richard Hereford, Gent.
79	Henry Pitt Sutton, Gent.
80	Wall. Thomas Hewetson, Gent.
52	Aaron Eustace, Gent.
56	Robert Brown, Gent.
4	Thomas Lewis, Gent.
59	David Scott, Gent.
57	Thomas Morris, Gent.
63	Robert Bensley, Gent.
65	William Parker, Gent.
66	Francis Cock, Gent.
67	John King, Gent.
74	Ralph Bendyshe, Gent.
73	William Vaughan, Gent.
72	Henry Fry, Gent.
70	Alexander Ferguson, Gent.
75	William Turner, Gent.
77	Andrew Dunkison, Gent.
64	William Hancock, Gent.
78	John Biddulph, Gent.
79	Samuel Aldenbrooke, Gent.
80	Thomas Gwillam, Gent.
4	Samuel Harris, Gent.
5	Paul Lewis, Gent.
32	James Crommeline, Gent.
56	James Martin Clement, Gent.
68	Spencer, Gent.
1	Manley, Gent.
25	John Davis Maillard, Gent.
23	Richard Shea, Gent.
16	Robert Cuming, Gent.
83	Thomas Hutchison, Gent.
44	David Brown, Gent.
76	French, Gent.
81	James Wood, Gent.
33	Edward Ricard, Gent.
43	Thomas Kidwell, Gent.
19	Charles Ormsby, Gent.
108	William Creswell, Gent.
82	Francis Moor, Gent.
100	John Hare, Gent.